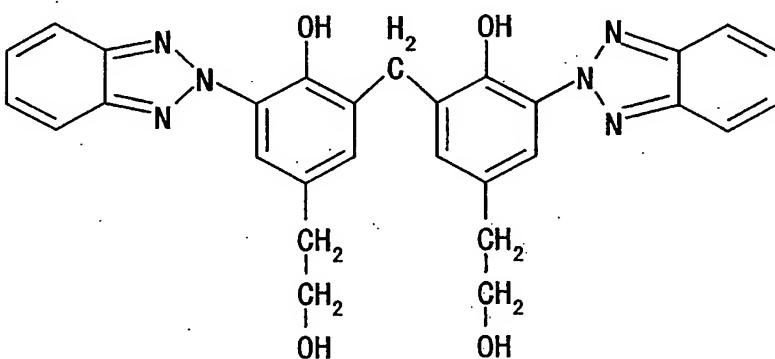


CLAIMS

1. An aqueous emulsion of an ultraviolet-absorbing resin obtainable by
5 urethanizing (A) a polyol component having an ultraviolet-absorbing group, (B) a polyol if necessary, (C) an alkyl or aryl dialkanolamine compound, and (D) an organic polyisocyanate in (E) an organic solvent, diluting the reaction mixture with (F) an organic
10 solvent having a boiling point lower than 100°C to give a resin solution,
 neutralizing the resin solution with (G) a neutralizing agent, and
 dispersing the resultant in water.
- 15 2. An aqueous emulsion of an ultraviolet-absorbing resin according to claim 1, wherein the polyol component (A) is a compound represented by the following formula:

20 
The chemical structure shows a central carbon atom bonded to two hydroxyl groups (OH) and two methylene groups (CH2). Each methylene group is further bonded to a phenyl ring. One phenyl ring is substituted with a 2-hydroxybenzimidazole group, and the other is substituted with a 2-aminobenzimidazole group. The benzimidazole rings have nitrogen atoms at positions 2 and 7.
- 25 3. An aqueous emulsion of an ultraviolet-absorbing resin according to claim 1, wherein the reaction mixture is diluted with the organic solvent

(F) after removing 1 to 100% of the organic solvent (E).

4. An aqueous emulsion of an ultraviolet-absorbing resin according to claim 2, wherein the reaction mixture is diluted with the organic solvent
5 (F) after removing 1 to 100% of the organic solvent (E).

5. An aqueous emulsion of an ultraviolet-absorbing resin according to claim 1, wherein the organic solvent (F) is removed to obtain the aqueous emulsion.

10 6. An aqueous emulsion of an ultraviolet-absorbing resin according to claim 2, wherein the organic solvent (F) is removed to obtain the aqueous emulsion.

7. An aqueous emulsion of an
15 ultraviolet-absorbing resin according to claim 3, wherein the organic solvent (F) is removed to obtain the aqueous emulsion.

8. An aqueous emulsion of an ultraviolet-absorbing resin according to claim 4, wherein
20 the organic solvent (F) is removed to obtain the aqueous emulsion.

9. An aqueous emulsion of an ultraviolet-absorbing resin according to any of claims 1 to 8, wherein the content of the polyol component (A) in
25 the ultraviolet-absorbing resin is not less than 10% by weight.

10. An aqueous resin emulsion composition

comprising (I) an aqueous emulsion of an ultraviolet-absorbing resin recited in any of claims 1 to 8 and (II) an aqueous emulsion of other resin.

11. An aqueous resin emulsion composition
5 comprising (I) an aqueous emulsion of an ultraviolet-absorbing resin recited in claim 9, and (II)
an aqueous emulsion of other resin.